

## Clinical Policy: Vedolizumab (Entyvio)

Reference Number: NH.PHAR.265

Effective Date: 06.24

Last Review Date: 04.25

Line of Business: Medicaid

[Coding Implications](#)

[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

### Description

Vedolizumab (Entyvio<sup>®</sup>) is an integrin receptor antagonist.

### FDA Approved Indication(s)

Entyvio is indicated in adults for the treatment of:

- Moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis (UC)
- Moderately to severely active Crohn's disease (CD)

### Policy/Criteria

*Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.*

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation<sup>®</sup> that Entyvio is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

#### I. Initial Approval Criteria

##### A. Ulcerative Colitis (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of UC;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;
3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
4. Documentation of a Mayo Score  $\geq$  6 or modified Mayo Score  $\geq$  5 (*see Appendix F*);
5. Failure of an 8-week trial of systemic corticosteroids, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq$  3 consecutive months, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or are contraindicated;
7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);

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8. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
  - a. 300 mg (IV) at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by maintenance dose of 300 mg (IV) every 8 weeks;
  - b. 300 mg (IV) at weeks 0 and 2, then 108 mg (SC) at week 6, followed by maintenance dose of 108 mg (SC) every 2 weeks.

**Approval duration: 6 months**

#### **B. Crohn's Disease** (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of CD;
2. Request is for IV formulation;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;
4. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Failure of a  $\geq$  3 consecutive month trial of at least ONE immunomodulator (e.g., azathioprine, 6-MP, methotrexate [MTX]) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
  - b. Medical justification supports inability to use immunomodulators (*see Appendix E*);
6. Trial and failure of one or more preferred product, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or are contraindicated;
7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
8. Dose does not exceed 300 mg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by maintenance dose of 300 mg every 8 weeks.

**Approval duration: 6 months**

#### **C. Other diagnoses/indications** (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
  - a. For drugs on the PDL, the no coverage criteria policy: CP.PMN.255; or
  - b. For drugs NOT on the PDL, the non-formulary policy: CP.PMN.16; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy: CP.PMN.53.

## **II. Continued Therapy**

#### **A. All Indications in Section I** (must meet all):

1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
  - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (*refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B*);

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2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. For CD: request is for IV formulation;
4. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
5. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
  - a. For CD: 300 mg (IV) every 8 weeks;
  - b. For UC, one of the following (i or ii):
    - i. 300 mg (IV) every 8 weeks;
    - ii. 108 mg (SC) every 2 weeks.

#### **Approval duration: 12 months**

#### **B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):**

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
  - a. For drugs on the PDL, the no coverage criteria policy: CP.PMN.255; or
  - b. For drugs NOT on the PDL, the non-formulary policy: CP.PMN.16; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy CP.PMN.53.

### **III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:**

- A.** Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – CP.PMN.53 or evidence of coverage documents;
- B.** Combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) or potent immunosuppressants, including but not limited to any tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonists [e.g., Cimzia<sup>®</sup>, Enbrel<sup>®</sup>, Humira<sup>®</sup> and its biosimilars, Simponi<sup>®</sup>, Avsola<sup>™</sup>, Inflectra<sup>™</sup>, Remicade<sup>®</sup>, Renflexis<sup>™</sup>], interleukin agents [e.g., Arcalyst<sup>®</sup> (IL-1 blocker), Ilaris<sup>®</sup> (IL-1 blocker), Kineret<sup>®</sup> (IL-1RA), Actemra<sup>®</sup> (IL-6RA), Tofidence<sup>™</sup> (IL-6RA), Kevzara<sup>®</sup> (IL-6RA), Stelara<sup>®</sup> (IL-12/23 inhibitor), Cosentyx<sup>®</sup> (IL-17A inhibitor), Taltz<sup>®</sup> (IL-17A inhibitor), Siliq<sup>™</sup> (IL-17RA), Ilumya<sup>™</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor), Skyrizi<sup>™</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor), Tremfya<sup>®</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor)], Janus kinase inhibitors (JAKi) [e.g., Xeljanz<sup>®</sup>/Xeljanz<sup>®</sup> XR, Cibinqo<sup>™</sup>, Olumiant<sup>™</sup>, Rinvoq<sup>™</sup>], anti-CD20 monoclonal antibodies [Rituxan<sup>®</sup>, Riabni<sup>™</sup>, Ruxience<sup>™</sup>, Truxima<sup>®</sup>, Rituxan Hycela<sup>®</sup>], selective co-stimulation modulators [Orencia<sup>®</sup>], and integrin receptor antagonists [Entyvio<sup>®</sup>] because of the additive immunosuppression, increased risk of neutropenia, as well as increased risk of serious infections.

### **IV. Appendices/General Information**

#### *Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key*

6-MP: 6-mercaptopurine

JAKi: Janus kinase inhibitors

CD: Crohn's disease

MTX: methotrexate

FDA: Food and Drug

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Administration  
TNF: tumor necrosis factor

GI: gastrointestinal  
UC: ulcerative colitis

#### Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
azathioprine (Azasan <sup>®</sup> , Imuran <sup>®</sup> )	<b>CD*</b> 1.5 – 2.5 mg/kg/day PO	2.5 mg/kg/day
corticosteroids	<b>CD*</b> prednisone 40 mg – 60 mg PO QD for 1 to 2 weeks, then taper daily dose by 5 mg weekly until 20 mg PO QD, and then continue with 2.5 – 5 mg decrements weekly or IV 50 – 100 mg Q6H for 1 week budesonide (Entocort EC <sup>®</sup> ) 6 – 9 mg PO QD  <i>Pediatric:</i> Prednisone 1 to 2 mg/kg/day PO QD  <b>UC*</b> <i>Adult:</i> Prednisone 40 mg – 60 mg PO QD, then taper dose by 5 to 10 mg/week  Budesonide (Uceris <sup>®</sup> ) 9 mg PO QAM for up to 8 weeks  <i>Pediatric:</i> Prednisone 1 to 2 mg/kg/day PO QD	Various
6-mercaptopurine (Purixan <sup>®</sup> )	<b>CD*</b> 50 mg PO QD or 1 – 2 mg/kg/day PO	2 mg/kg/day
mesalamine (Pentasa <sup>®</sup> )	<b>CD</b> 1,000 mg PO QID	4 g/day
Cimzia <sup>®</sup> (certolizumab)	<b>CD</b> <u>Initial dose:</u> 400 mg SC at 0, 2, and 4 weeks <u>Maintenance dose:</u> 400 mg SC every 4 weeks	400 mg every 4 weeks
Hadlima	<b>CD, UC</b>	40 mg every other

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Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
(adalimumab-bwwd), Yusimry (adalimumab-aqvh), adalimumab-adaz (Hyrimoz <sup>®</sup> ), adalimumab-fkjp (Hulio <sup>®</sup> ), adalimumab-adbm (Cyltezo <sup>®</sup> )	<u>Initial dose:</u> 160 mg SC on Day 1, then 80 mg SC on Day 15  <u>Maintenance dose:</u> 40 mg SC every other week starting on Day 29	week
Avsola <sup>™</sup> , Renflexis <sup>™</sup> , Inflixtra <sup>®</sup> (infliximab)	<b>CD</b> <u>Initial dose:</u> 5 mg/kg IV at weeks 0, 2 and 6 <u>Maintenance dose:</u> 5 mg/kg IV every 8 weeks.  Some adult patients who initially respond to treatment may benefit from increasing the dose to 10 mg/kg if they later lose their response	CD: 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks  UC: 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks
Zeposia <sup>®</sup> (ozanimod)	<b>UC</b> Days 1-4: 0.23 mg PO QD Days 5-7: 0.46 mg PO QD Day 8 and thereafter: 0.92 mg PO QD  If a dose of Zeposia is missed during the first 2 weeks of treatment, reinitiate treatment using the titration regimen. If a dose of Zeposia is missed after the first 2 weeks of treatment, continue with the treatment as planned.	0.92 mg/day

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name<sup>®</sup> (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name<sup>®</sup>) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

\*Off-label

*Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings*

- Contraindication(s): patients who have had a known serious or severe hypersensitivity reaction to Entyvio or any of its excipients
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

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#### *Appendix D: General Information*

- Definition of failure of MTX or DMARDs
  - Child-bearing age is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. Each drug has risks in pregnancy. An educated patient and family planning would allow use of MTX in patients who have no intention of immediate pregnancy.
  - Social use of alcohol is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. MTX may only be contraindicated if patients choose to drink over 14 units of alcohol per week. However, excessive alcohol drinking can lead to worsening of the condition, so patients who are serious about clinical response to therapy should refrain from excessive alcohol consumption.
- TNF blockers:
  - Etanercept (Enbrel<sup>®</sup>), adalimumab (Humira<sup>®</sup>) and its biosimilars, infliximab (Remicade<sup>®</sup>) and its biosimilars (Avsola<sup>™</sup>, Renflexis<sup>™</sup>, Inflectra<sup>®</sup>), certolizumab pegol (Cimzia<sup>®</sup>), and golimumab (Simponi<sup>®</sup>, Simponi Aria<sup>®</sup>).

#### *Appendix E: Immunomodulator Medical Justification*

- The following may be considered for medical justification supporting inability to use an immunomodulator for Crohn's disease:
  - Inability to induce short-term symptomatic remission with a 3-month trial of systemic glucocorticoids
  - High-risk factors for intestinal complications may include:
    - Initial extensive ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal GI involvement
    - Initial extensive perianal/severe rectal disease
    - Fistulizing disease (e.g., perianal, enterocutaneous, and rectovaginal fistulas)
    - Deep ulcerations
    - Penetrating, stricturing or stenosis disease and/or phenotype
    - Intestinal obstruction or abscess
  - High risk factors for postoperative recurrence may include:
    - Less than 10 years duration between time of diagnosis and surgery
    - Disease location in the ileum and colon
    - Perianal fistula
    - Prior history of surgical resection
    - Use of corticosteroids prior to surgery

#### *Appendix F: Mayo Score*

- Mayo Score: evaluates ulcerative colitis stage, based on four parameters: stool frequency, rectal bleeding, endoscopic evaluation and Physician's global assessment. Each parameter of the score ranges from zero (normal or inactive disease) to 3 (severe activity) with an overall score of 12.

Score	Decoding
0 – 2	Remission
3 – 5	Mild activity
6 – 10	Moderate activity
>10	Severe activity

## V. Dosage and Administration

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Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
CD	<u>Initial dose:</u> 300 mg IV at weeks 0, 2, and 6 <u>Maintenance dose:</u> 300 mg IV every 8 weeks	300 mg every 8 weeks
UC	<u>Initial dose:</u> 300 mg IV at weeks 0 and 2, followed by 300 mg IV or 108 mg SC at week 6 <u>Maintenance dose:</u> 300 mg IV every 8 weeks or 108 mg SC every 2 weeks	IV: 300 mg every 8 weeks  SC: 108 mg every 2 weeks

#### VI. Product Availability

- Lyophilized powder in a single-dose vial for reconstitution for IV infusion: 300 mg
- Single-dose prefilled syringe for SC injection: 108 mg/0.68 mL
- Single-dose prefilled Entyvio Pen for SC injection: 108 mg/0.68 mL

#### VII. References

1. Entyvio Prescribing Information. Deerfield, IL: Takeda Pharmaceuticals America Inc.; September 2023. Available at: [https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\\_docs/label/2023/125476s057lbl.pdf](https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/125476s057lbl.pdf). Accessed October 5, 2023.
2. Feuerstein JD, Ho EY, Shmidt E, et al. AGA Clinical practice guidelines on the medical management of moderate to severe luminal and perianal fistulizing Crohn's disease. *Gastroenterology* 2021; 160:2496-2508. <https://doi.org/10.1053/j.gastro.2021.04.022>.
3. Bernell O, Lapidus A, Hellers G. Risk Factors for Surgery and Postoperative Recurrence in Crohn's Disease. *Annals of Surgery*. 2000; 231(1): 38-45.
4. Ordas I, Feagan BG, Sandborn WJ. Early use of immunosuppressives or TNF antagonists for the treatment of Crohn's disease: time for a change. *Gut*. 2011 Dec; 60(12):1754-63.
5. Feuerstein JD, Isaacs KL, Schneider Y, et al. AGA Clinical practice guidelines on the management of moderate to severe ulcerative colitis. *Gastroenterology* 2020;158:1450–1461. <https://doi.org/10.1053/j.gastro.2020.01.006>.
6. Rubin DT, Ananthakrishnan AN, Siegel CA, Sauer BG, Long MD. ACG Clinical Guideline: Ulcerative Colitis in Adults. *Am J Gastroenterol*. 2019 March;114(3):384-413. doi: 10.14309/ajg.0000000000000152.

#### Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J3380	Injection, vedolizumab, intravenous, 1 mg

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Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Policy created	06.24	06.24
2Q 2025 annual review: for UC initial criteria, added option for	04.25	04.25

#### **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions, and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment, or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control.



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Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members, and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members, and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

**Note:**

**For Medicaid members**, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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